

An Herbalist's View

Notes on Lyme Disease

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These are some cursory ideas and considerations when working with people with Lyme disease. Disclaimer; I am far from being an expert on this condition, I just want to offer some suggestions and treatment strategies from my work as a practicing herbalist. Each individual will have to do their own research and figure out which is the best approach for themselves, these are just a few pointers.

Considerations and Treatment Strategies

1. Focus on treating an individual's symptoms
2. Consider which herbal categories help alleviate the symptoms. Pick the plants that match the most symptoms per category.
3. It is questionable whether herbs can kill the Lyme (Borrelia) bacteria or co-infections.
4. How to deal with all the conflicting information.
5. How to afford all the tests and treatments.
6. Learn to evaluate the effectiveness of various lab tests.
7. What to do if the person feels like they have Lyme, but the test results are negative?
8. Antibiotics or not, especially if they only recently found a tick on their body.
9. Working with patient's fears and concerns.
10. Too much reliance on just a few sources of herbal treatment.
11. Addressing the differences and confusion about post-treatment Lyme disease syndrome (PTLDS) vs. chronic Lyme disease.
12. Potential increase of efficiency of antibiotics and other drugs with herbal medicine
13. Potential negative interactions between herbal medicines and conventional drugs.
14. Physiology and constitutional approaches to health
15. Addressing the worry and fear of Lyme
16. Which drugs, herbs or other treatments have helped or worsened an individual's symptoms?

Categories

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|--------------------------|---|
| 1. Antiinfectives | 4. Connective tissue, Joint and Arthritic disorders |
| 2. Antiinflammatories | 5. Fatigue |
| 3. Cognitive dysfunction | 6. Gut dysfunction |

7. Mental Health
8. Pain relief
9. Skeletal muscle relaxants

Formulas and Dosage

1. Many of these medicinal plants can be put into the same preparation, though a large amount may be necessary to take to get a pharmacological dose.
2. Daily regular use of herbs, they may need to be taken frequently
3. Consider teas, tinctures, capsules and powders as preparations

Plant List-Botanical and Common Name

(spp. means a number of species of that genus are used for medicine)

1. Achillea millefolium-Yarrow
2. Acorus calamus-Calamus
3. Actaea racemosa-Black cohosh
4. Althaea officinalis-Marshmallow
5. Anemone spp.-Pulsatilla
6. Arnica spp.-Arnica
7. Astragalus membranaceous-Astragalus
8. Avena sativa-Oats
9. Baptisia tinctoria-Wild indigo
10. Berberis spp.-Barberry/Oregon graperoot
11. Calendula officinalis-Calendula
12. Cannabis spp.-Marijuana
13. Centella asiatica-Gotu kola
14. Crataegus spp.-Hawthorn
15. Curcuma longa-Turmeric
16. Echinacea spp-Echinacea
17. Eleutherococcus senticosus-Siberian ginseng
18. Eschscholtzia spp.-California poppy
19. Eupatorium perfoliatum-Boneset
20. Fallopia japonica (Polygonum cuspidatum)-Japanese knotweed
21. Filipendula ulmaria-Meadowsweet
22. Ganoderma spp.-Reishi mushroom
23. Ginkgo biloba-Ginkgo
24. Glycyrrhiza spp.-Licorice
25. Humulus lupulus-Hops
26. Hydrastis canadensis-Goldenseal
27. Hypericum perforatum-St. Johnswort
28. Lactuca spp.-Wild lettuce
29. Lavender essential oil
30. Leonurus cardiaca-Motherwort
31. Lobelia inflata-Lobelie
32. Matricaria chamomilla-Chamomile
33. Melissa officinalis-Lemon balm
34. Mentha piperita-Peppermint
35. Mentha spicata-Spearmint
36. Nepeta cataria-Catnip
37. Ocimum tenuiflorum-Tulsi
38. Passiflora incarnata-Passionflower
39. Pedicularis spp.-Pedicularis
40. Phytolacca americana-Poke
41. Piper methysticum-Kava kava
42. Piscidia piscipula-Jamaican dogwood
43. Polygonatum spp.-Solomon's seal
44. Rose spp.-Rose
45. Rubus spp.-Blackberry root
46. Scutellaria lateriflora-Skullcap
47. Silybum marianum-Milk thistle
48. Tanacetum parthenium-Feverfew
49. Ulmus rubra-Slippery elm
50. Valeriana officinalis-Valerian
51. Verbena spp.-Vervain
52. Withania somnifera-Ashwagandha

Categories

Antiinfectives-for various infections

1. Baptisia tinctoria

2. Berberis spp.
3. Echinacea spp.
4. Eupatorium perfoliatum
5. Hydrastis canadensis

Antiinflammatories-to reduce inflammation

1. Achillea millefolium
2. Arnica spp.
3. Curcuma longa
4. Glycyrrhiza spp.

Cognitive Dysfunction-Brain fog and memory loss

1. Acorus calamus
2. Centella asiatica
3. Ginkgo biloba

Connective tissue, Joints, Arthritic Pain

1. Calendula officinalis
2. Centella asiatica
3. Fallopia japonica
4. Polygonatum spp.

Fatigue

1. Avena sativa
2. Ganoderma spp.
3. Matricaria chamomilla
4. Nepeta cataria
5. Withania somnifera

Gut Dysfunction-may be due to antibiotics or otherwise

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|--------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Althaea officinalis | 6. Mentha piperita |
| 2. Rubus spp. | 7. Mentha spicata |
| 3. Filipendula ulmaria | 8. Nepeta cataria |
| 4. Glycyrrhiza spp. | 9. Ulmus rubra |
| 5. Matricaria chamomilla | |

Immunity and Lymph

1. Astragalus spp.
2. Echinacea spp.
3. Eleutherococcus senticosus
4. Ganoderma spp.
5. Phytolacca americanum
6. Silybum marianum

Mental Health-Anxiety and Depression

1. Anemone spp.
2. Avena sativa
3. Cannabis spp.
4. Eschscholtzia spp.
5. Hypericum perforatum
6. Lavender essential oil
7. Leonurus cardiaca
8. Lobelia inflata
9. Matricaria chamomilla
10. Melissa officinalis
11. Ocimum tenuiflorum
12. Passiflora incarnata
13. Piper methysticum
14. Rose spp.
15. Scutellaria lateriflora
16. Verbena spp.

Pain relief-including general body pains and headaches

1. Humulus lupulus
2. Lactuca spp.
3. Lobelia inflata
4. Piscidia piscipula
5. Scutellaria lateriflora
6. Tanacetum parthenium
7. Valeriana officinalis

Skeletal muscle relaxants

1. Actaea
2. Pedicularis
3. Scutellaria

Complimentary Treatments

1. Breathing exercises
2. Counseling
3. Diet and food considerations
4. Essential fatty acids
5. Gentle exercise
6. Meditation-walking or sitting
7. Nutritional supplements
8. Probiotics